Major Switching Analysis Fall 2011 Cohort

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Purpose

- ► To examine the impact of undergraduate students switching majors at UMass Boston
- ► Research questions:
 - 1. What are the attributes of students that switch majors?
 - 2. Does switching majors have an impact on student success?
 - 3. What are the programs that are most impacted by major switching?
 - 4. Does major switching have an impact on program metrics?



Methodology

- ► Fall 2011 cohort of new undergraduate degree-seeking students
 - ► 3,084 students
- ► Grouped majors into 2-digit CIP codes (common discipline)
- Switching fields created based on students changed major to new discipline
- ► Calculated retention rates and graduation rates



Findings

- ► For FYR students that are retained:
 - ▶ 7% switch from fall-spring in first year
 - ▶13% switch in first year
 - ▶32% switch in first two years
- For FYR students that complete degree within 6 years
 - ▶51% switched at least once



Findings

- ► Full-time students switch more often than Part-time students
 - ▶ 28% FT vs. 14% PT switch in first two years
- ► Students of Color switch more often than White/NRA
 - ▶32% SOC vs. 22% white, 16% NRA
- FYR students switch more often than TRN students
 - ▶32% FYR vs. 20% TRN



Findings

First College	Fall-Spring Switch	Fall-Fall Switch	Switch by 5 th Sem	6-YR Grad Switch
CLA	9%	16%	36%	44%
CSM	7%	16%	35%	49%
CM	1%	4%	8%	11%
CNHS	<1%	3%	9%	9%



Declaring a Major

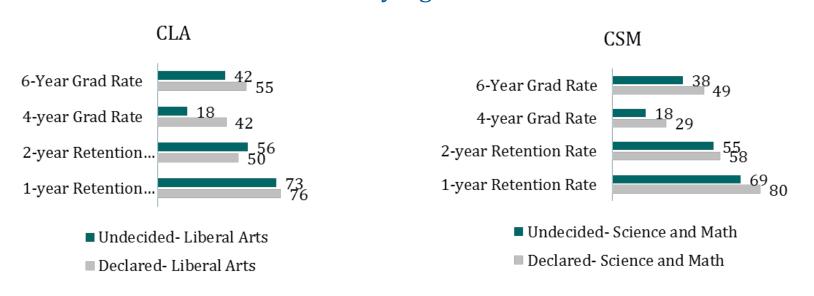
- More than 60 percent undecided students declared a major in their third year.
- Students are more successful if they declared a major in their second or third year. Statistically significantly higher 1-year retention and 4-year and 6-year graduation rates for both colleges, for those who declared a major in their second and third year comparing to their undecided peers. Higher 2-year retention rate for CSM for those who declared in the second year.

Undecided CLA	% Declared	% Declared	
	in 2nd Year	in 3rd Year	
First-year $(n = 294)$	18	55	
Transfer ($n=156$)	36	69	
All (n=450)	24	60	
Undecided CSM	% Declared	% Declared	
Undecided CSM	in 2nd Year	in 3rd Year	
First-year $(n=100)$	23	60	
Transfer $(n=39)$	48	71	
All (n=139)	29	63	



Student Success of Declared and Undecided Students

- Declared CLA and CSM students have statistically significantly higher 4-year and 6-year graduation rates than the undecided students.
- Declared CLA students have statistically significantly higher 1-year retention rate than the undecided students, however, the 2-year retention rate is statistically significantly higher among the undecided students than the decided students.
- Declared CSM students have statistically significantly higher 1-year retention rate than the undecided students. Declared CSM students have a higher 2-year retention rate than the undecided students, but it is not statistically significant.





Student Success of Declared and Undecided Students

- The mean of the cumulative GPA is higher for the declared CLA and CSM students, but not statistically significant
- Declared CLA students take statistically significant lower number of credits to complete the degree than the undecided students
- Declared CSM students take a higher number of credits to complete the degree than the undecided students, but this is not statistically significant

College of Liberal Arts									
	n	1-year Retention Rate*	2-year Retention Rate**	4-year Grad Rate**	6-Year Grad Rate**	Average credits taken**	Average Cumulative GPA		
Declared	884	76	49.8	42.3	54.8	124	3.27		
Undecided	450	73.1	55.8	18.0	41.6	126	3.14		
College of Science and Math									
	n	1-year Retention Rate**	2-year Retention Rate	4-year Grad Rate**	6-Year Grad Rate**	Average credits taken	Average Cumulative GPA		
Declared	501	80.0	58.1	28.9	49.3	130	3.16		
Undecided	139	69.1	54.7	18.0	38.1	126	3.13		

