# AGAR CAS # 9002180

A Special Carcinogen E Dermal Hazard I Neurotoxin

B Human Terato\Repro Haz F Corrosive J Suspect Carcinogen

C Highly Toxic G Eye Damage K Suspect Terato\Repro Haz

D Inhalation Hazard H STEL L Sensitizers

HAZARD INDEX . . . . . . . . . . . .

NFPA HAZARD CODES (H,F,R,O) 0 0 0

ACUTE TOXICTY RISK INDEX 1.6 - LD50 11000.0 mg/Kg

INHALATION RISK INDEX <1 - LC50

ROUTE OF EXPOSURE

skin Contact: May cause skin irritation.

skin Absorption: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Inhalation: Material may be irritating to mucous membranes and

upper respiratory tract. May be harmful if inhaled.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and

toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PHYSICAL STATE: Solid

SEGREGATION: SHELF # 2

STORAGE GROUP(S):

g - Non-Reactive/Non-Hazardous

WASTE CHARACTERISTIC HAZARD:

INCOMPATIBILITIES:Strong oxidizing agents.

FIRE EXTINGUISHER: Water spray. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder, or

appropriate foam.

REACTIVE PROPERTIES

HANDLING: Avoid inhalation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. STORAGE: Keep tightly closed\. SPECIAL

REQUIREMENTS Moisture sensitive.

US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY TEEL'S

DOE Occupational Exposure Limit 500 mg/m3

DOE Short Term Exposure Limit 500 mg/m3

DOE Ceiling Limit 500 mg/m3

The information presented in the OPMSDS is intended as a synopsis of relative hazard characteristics for this chemical, for application within the UMass-Boston Chem/XL Laboratory Program. This information is derived from a wide range of sources documented in that program. While these sources are considered credible, the user is cautioned that the university cannot guarantee the accuracy nor accept responsibility for damages which may arise from errors, omissions, or the use of this information in any context other than intended. The user is strongly encouraged to seek additional information whenever feasible.